



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS.

[Reports to the Surgeon-General Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.]

Smallpox at Detroit, Mich.

DETROIT, MICH., September 28, 1902.

SIR: I have the honor to report that a sailor from the steamship *City of Cleveland* applied for relief at the United States marine hospital at this port Sunday, September 28, 1902, suffering from smallpox. The city health officer was notified and he examined the case and immediately sent for the city ambulance and had the patient removed to the city smallpox hospital. He also sent a physician to the vessel to disinfect the same and vaccinate any of the crew who had been exposed. The necessary precautions were taken at the hospital.

Respectfully,

H. W. AUSTIN,
Surgeon.

Arrival at Reedy Island Quarantine of vessels from Cuban ports.

REEDY ISLAND QUARANTINE,
via Port Penn, Del., September 28, 1902.

SIR: Through the medical officer in command of national quarantine service on Delaware Bay and River, I have the honor to report the arrival at this station on the 26th instant of the steamship *Truma*, from Havana, with sugar; no passengers; bill of health signed by Assistant Surgeon Trotter.

Respectfully,

T. F. RICHARDSON,
Assistant Surgeon, In Command.

REPORTS FROM THE MEXICAN BORDER.

El Paso, Tex., September 27, 1902—Inspection service.—I have the honor to submit the following summary of transactions at this station for the week ended September 27, 1902: Inspection of Mexican Central Railroad passengers, 198; inspection of Rio Grande and Pacific Railroad passengers, 17; inspection of Mexican immigrants, 214; disinfection of soiled linen imported for laundry, 502 pieces; disinfection of cattle hides 418; disinfection of baggage of 2 men ten days out from Vera Cruz. Vaccination of emigrant children, 9.

E. ALEXANDER,
Acting Assistant Surgeon.

Statistical reports of States and cities of the United States—Yearly and monthly.

CALIFORNIA—*San Diego.*—Month of August, 1902. Estimated population, 20,000. Total number of deaths, 16, including 4 from tuberculosis.

COLORADO—*Denver.*—Month of August, 1902. Estimated population, 150,000. Total number of deaths, 210, including diphtheria, 8; enteric fever, 15; whooping cough, 1, and 41 from tuberculosis.